# GREEN TRANSITION: DILEMMAS AND SOLUTIONS 

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## DILEMMAS

- Global heating should stay below two degrees - BUT the present path points to four degrees or higher.
- At least 50 \% of all fossil reserves should stay under ground, BUT several industrial countries on the contrary promote oil from tar sand and shale gas.
- There are limits to growth, BUT all industrial countries are crying for more economic growth to cure financial crisis.
- Stop for economic and material growth requires much more national and global equity, BUT inequity is increasing.
- Transition to RES is urgently needed, but fossil fuels get six times more state subsidies than RES.
- Dominating neoliberal system requires economic growth.


## GREEN GROWTH

- The concept of green growth is primarily an excuse to continue economic growth with a green paint.
- The possible decoupling from carbon is relative but far from absolute in practice with existing technologies and production methods. Nature reacts on absolute decoupling.
- In practice, exploitation of solar energy and other renewables for human energy purposes has limitations.
- Dangerous to accept illusionary mitigation concepts.

Best advice: forget about GREEN GROWTH

## RESILIENCE

- New strategy: less money for mitigation of global warming - more money for resilience against global warming.
- Mitigation is based on concrete numbers - resilience is a positive and flexible concept - favourable with politicians.
- The British Stern report has documented that fast mitigation of global warming is by far the less costly solution. Resilience projects may delay mitigation.
- Resilience projects should only have high priority where they are ugently needed or have low costs.


## LIMITS TO GROWTH

- Central dilemma is the neglect of limits to growth.
- Political excuse: without economic growth, more unemployment due to increasing productivity.
- The solution is a flexible employment concept where average working time is adjusted to market fluctuations.
- International problem: How should an acceptable global carbon cap be divided between nations? Fiascoes for agreement since COP15 in Copenhagen in 2009.
- Solution: Same personal emission quotas for all by 2050 (chancellor Angela Merkel: "expand and converge") .


## LtG SCENARIOS

Figure 2.2 Comparing 'Limit to Growth' scenarios to observed global data

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## EQUITY

The forgotten concept

- Convincingly documented that high economic and social equity gives advantages on all relevant parameters: high health level, low level of suicide, high welfare, low social controversies, high international competiveness, etc.
- Global equity is necessary for international co-operation on mitigation of global warming.

Without much higher national and international economic and social equity there is no hope for a green transition in time.

## NEOLIBERAL ECONOMY HAS FAILED <br> "Economics is politics in disguise"

- Neoliberal economy has dominated since 1980s.
- Uncontrolled and suspect financial transactions have accelerated the appearence of financial crises.
- Neoliberal economy has no scientific basis and creates more problems than it solves (Stiglitz and Krugman).
- National control of capital movements should be reintroduced to avoid economic destabilisation (Keynes).
- Ecological economy should have highest priority (Daly).


## REAL DEMOCRACY SHOULD BE TRIED <br> People power - not money power

- Democracy is being undermined by money - with the US as the most absurd example. Is the US a democracy?
- Money should have no influence on democratic decisions.
- Private and commercial economic support to political parties and politicians should be made illegal.
- Political campaigns should be supported mainly by volunteers with an economic base support from the state.
- Otherwise, money power will replace democracy.


## INTERNATIONAL ACTIONS

- Reintroduce control of capital movements (Keynes 1930s).
- Replace WTO by green trade administration responsible for global transport tax and financial (Tobin) tax.
- Change priorities of World Bank and IMF to green transition and global equity.
- Stop government subsidies for fossil fuels.
- Do not wait for large nations like the US and China that sabotage global agreements and commitments.


## HOW DOES THIS GET STARTED?

- One possibility is to wait for a global collapse.
- A more intelligent possibility may be to create a group of countries that demonstrates the technological reality and economic advantage of a green sustainable transition.
- Possible candidates may be the Nordic Countries: More than $\mathbf{2 0}$ million inhabitants, rich wellfare nations, traditions for international outlook, negligible corruption, long experience with Nordic co-operation.
- Requires more flexible formal relationship between Nordic Group and EU allowing control of capital movement etc.


## TIME FOR AN EXCUSE

- The dominating old generations have left a global mess for the young generation.
- It is high time that we admit our catastrofic policy mistakes and support a youth revolution working for a transition to a sustainable world with no forced unemployment, a high degree of global and national equity, and a shift from money power to real democracy.
- The alternative is that the youngsters shall experience in the hard way the collapse scenario from Limits to Growth.


# THANK YOU FOR Y OUR ATTENTION 

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